

DWR's South Coast Regional Forum

CITY OF SAN DIEGO'S EXPERIENCE WITH POTABLE REUSE

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SEPTEMBER 30, 2013





WATER REUSE TIMELINE

• 1993	City & County Water Authority propose Water Repurification Project
• 1994-1998	Planning, regulatory reviews & conditional approval, preliminary design on project
• Fall 1998	Water Repurification Project becomes an issue in several closely contested political campaigns
• Spring 1999	Project cancelled by City Council
• 2002-2004	City enters into a settlement agreement with environmental groups committing to:

- Evaluate improved ocean monitoring
- Pilot test biological aerated filters
- Study on increased water reuse



WATER REUSE TIMELINE

2004-2005 City undertakes Water Reuse Study

 October 2007 City Council votes to proceed with the Demonstration Project

Water Purification Demonstration Project

 November 2008 City Council approves temporary water rate increase (3.08%) to fund \$11.8 million Demonstration Project

January 2009 - August 2010

Temporary water rates in effect





PROJECT OBJECTIVES

- Evaluate the feasibility of using advanced treatment technology to produce water that can be sent to San Vicente Reservoir and later distributed as potable water
- Determine if the Demonstration Project provides evidence of viability for a full-scale Indirect Potable Reuse/Reservoir Augmentation (IPR/RA) project





DEMONSTRATION PROJECT COMPONENTS

- Advanced Water Purification (AWP) Facility
- Independent Advisory Panel (IAP)
- San Vicente Reservoir Study
- Regulatory requirements
- Energy and economic analysis
- Pipeline alignment study
- Public outreach & education program





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ADVANCED WATER PURIFICATION FACILITY

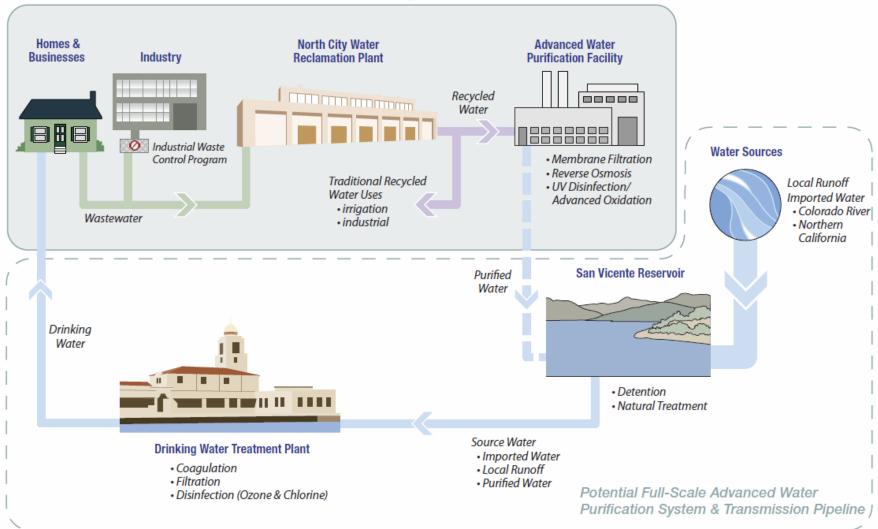


City of San Diego's

Water Purification Demonstration Project

Purification Process

Demonstration-Scale Project





AWP FACILITY

SCOPE OF WORK

- Design, procure, install, operate, and test a one million-gallon per day (mgd) AWP Facility at North City
- Develop and implement a Testing and Monitoring Plan
- Prepare a report based on the operation and testing of the demonstration facility

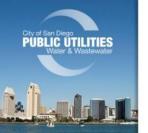






AWP FACILITY TESTING & MONITORING PLAN

- Testing period August 1, 2011 to July 31, 2012
- Measured for 342 constituents and parameters in recycled water, purified water, and imported water
- Conducted 9,000 individual water quality laboratory tests
- Implemented continuous and daily monitoring before and after each treatment step to verify integrity of each treatment process



AWP FACILITY TESTING & MONITORING PLAN CONCLUSIONS

- Purified water met all federal and state drinking water standards
- Continuous and daily monitoring verified the integrity of the treatment process and equipment
- Lab tests plus continuous monitoring ensures only high quality water is produced
- Water quality comparable to Orange County's Groundwater Replenishment System





AWP FACILITY TESTING & MONITORING PLAN CONCLUSIONS

Overall water quality was exceptional, comparable to distilled water

Example of water quality results:

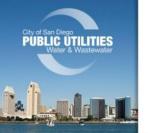
	TDS (SALTS)
Purified Water	~15 ppm*
Aqueduct water	~500 ppm
Drinking water	~500 ppm

* parts per million



INDEPENDENT ADVISORY PANEL





INDEPENDENT ADVISORY PANEL (IAP)

- Joseph A. Cotruvo, Ph.D., Joseph Cotruvo Associates
- Richard Gersberg, Ph.D., Occupational
 & Environmental Health, SDSU
- George Tchobanoglous (Chair), Ph.D.,
 P.E., UC Davis
- James Crook, Ph.D., P.E., Water Reuse
- Audrey D. Levine, Ph.D., P.E., DEE,
 Drinking Water Research, U.S. EPA



Listed left to right, by row

- Sunny Jiang, Ph.D., Civil and Environmental Engineering, UC Irvine
- Michael A. Anderson, Ph.D., Environmental Chemistry, UC Riverside
- Richard J. Bull, Ph.D., Toxicologist, Mobull Consulting
- Michael P. Wehner, Assistant General Manager, OC Water District
- David R. Schubert, Ph.D., Salk Institute for Biological Studies



INDEPENDENT ADVISORY PANEL

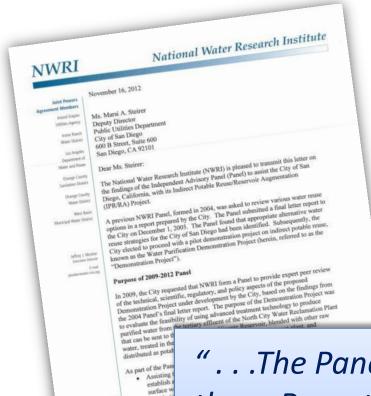
- Convened to provide expert peer review of the technical, scientific, and regulatory aspects of the Demonstration Project
- Similar role as IAP for the City's Water Reuse Study & Orange County's Groundwater Replenishment Project



- Provided feedback regarding
 - San Vicente Reservoir
 - AWP Facility
 - Proposed regulatory framework



INDEPENDENT ADVISORY PANEL CONCLUSIONS



- Ten IAP meetings over three years
- IAP issued summary "letter of findings" November 16, 2012
- Unanimously concluded the Demonstration Project satisfied all City Council directives, and a San Vicente Reservoir augmentation project would be a landmark project

"...The Panel believes that the ... Report ... (is) responsive to the directives set forth by the City Council."



SAN VICENTE RESERVOIR STUDY





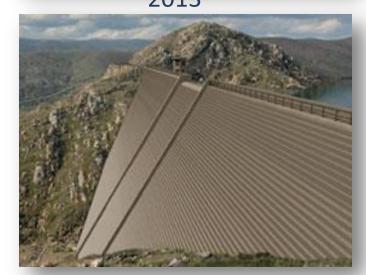
SAN VICENTE RESERVOIR STUDY

RESERVOIR ENLARGEMENT

- San Vicente Dam and Reservoir constructed in 1944
- Reservoir enlarged from 90,000 acre feet to 247,000 acre feet
- Water Authority is constructing facilities
- City will operate reservoir, dam, and outlet works
- Refilling will take three to five years





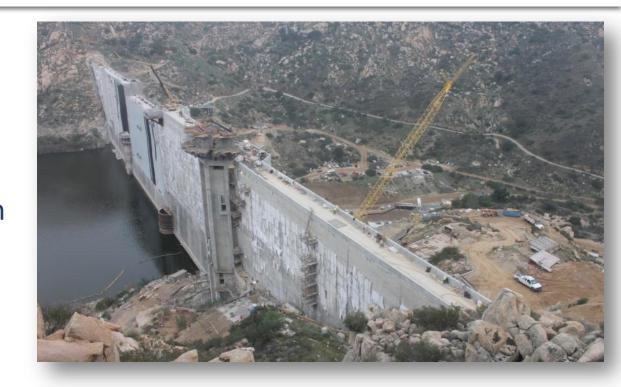




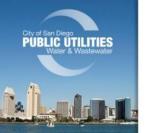
SAN VICENTE RESERVOIR STUDY

OBJECTIVES

- Understand the characteristics of the enlarged reservoir
- Establish the retention time and dilution of purified water in the reservoir



- Determine water quality effects of purified water in the reservoir
- Secure regulatory approval from CDPH and San Diego Water Board



SAN VICENTE RESERVOIR STUDY RESULTS

- Reservoir provides an environmental barrier that satisfies anticipated regulatory requirements
- Purified water will be diluted at least 200:1 under all anticipated reservoir operations
- Important aspects of water quality in San Vicente will not be affected by adding purified water
- Reservoir expansion will improve water quality; purified water will not substantially change this



REGULATORY FRAMEWORK





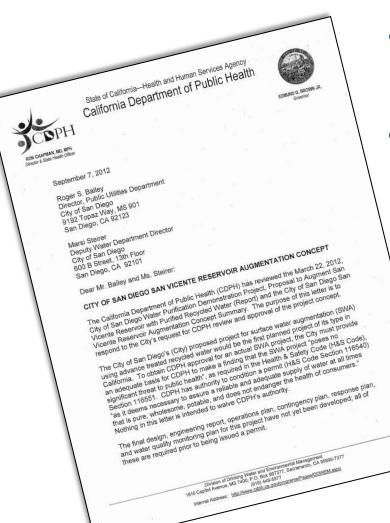
REGULATORY FRAMEWORK

- Regulatory agencies, CDPH,
 Regional Water Board, and County
 Dept of Environmental Health,
 attended IAP meetings
- Regulators commented on:
 - AWP Facility equipment
 - Testing & Monitoring Plan
 - San Vicente Reservoir Study





CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH CONCEPT APPROVAL



- City submitted concept proposal to CDPH in March 2012
- CDPH concept approval letter
 September 7, 2012

"Based on CDPH's review of the City's ... submittal ... CDPH approves the San Vicente Reservoir Augmentation Concept."



REGIONAL WATER BOARD

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD

SAN DIEGO REGION

RESOLUTION NO. R9-2011-0069

A RESOLUTION IN SUPPORT OF THE CITY OF SAN DIEGO'S SAN VICENTE

WHEREAS, the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Diego Region (hereinafter, San Diego Water Board), finds that:

 California Water Code section 13510 states, the people of the state have a primary California yvater code section 1351u states, the people of the state have a to interest in the development of facilities to recycle water containing waste to ourface and underground water supplies and to assist in

supplement existing meeting the future





To determine San Diego is to provide sal plans to cons current treat pipeline to t where it wo (per state h additional t

> 5. The San beneficial



California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Diego Region

February 7, 2013

In reply refer to:

Ms. Marsi A. Steirer Deputy Director. Public Utilities Department City of San Diego 600 B Street, Suite 600, MS 906 San Diego, CA. 92101

Subject: Indirect Potable Reuse/Augmentation Project at San Vicente Reservoir

The City of San Diego (City) submitted, for review and comments, a technical report dated August 2012 entitled, Proposed Regional Water Quality Control Board Compliance Approach, Final Draft (Report). The City is proposing an Indirect Potable Reuse/Reservoir Augmentation Project that would supplement the approximate 240,000-acre-foot San Vicente Reservoir with up to 15,000 acre-feet per year (AFY) of purified recycled water produced at a full-scale advanced water treatment facility to be sited at the City's North City Water Reclamation Plant (NCWRP) (hereinafter Project). The Report examines key water quality regulations, permitting issues, and other factors that could affect the timeline for issuance of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for discharging purified recycled water into San Vicente Reservoir. The City requested that San Diego Water Board coordinate with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 9 (USEPA) in reviewing the Report to determine whether the Board can move forward with implementing attainable NPDES permit requirements for the City's Project without the need for (1) revision of the Clean Water Act (CWA) section 303(d) impairment listings for the San Vicente Reservoir, or (2) modification of the Water Quality Control Plan for the San Diego Basin (Basin Plan).

The San Diego Water Board, with concurrence from USEPA, strongly supports the efforts of the City to develop the San Vicente Reservoir Augmentation Project and concurs with the City's preferred NPDES permit pathway described in the Report. The San Diego Water Board has prepared the following comments, in consultation with USEPA, regarding the City's preferred NPDES permit pathway for the Project.

1. Modification of the San Diego Water Board's Basin Plan should not be necessary to prescribe an effluent limitation for nitrogen based on a ratio of nitrogen to phosphorus (N:P ratio) that accounts for the specific water quality factors relevant to the expanded San Vicente Reservoir. The Report indicates the City is projecting the advanced water treatment process discharge will comply with the Biostimulatory Substances total phosphorus water quality objective by a significant margin. With respect to nitrogen, the

Regional Water Board Resolution re. IPR/RA, October 12, 2011

Regional Water Board "... supports efforts to develop the Reservoir Augmentation Project at San Vicente Reservoir."

- City submitted Proposed Compliance Approach to Regional Water Board on August 30, 2012
- City received a letter of concurrence from the Regional Water Board on February 12, 2013

"The . . . Water Board, with concurrence from USEPA, strongly supports the efforts of the City to develop the San Vicente Reservoir Augmentation Project..."



ENERGY & ECONOMIC ANALYSIS & FULL-SCALE FACILITIES





DEMONSTRATION PROJECT SAN VICENTE IPR/RA COST ESTIMATE

	Capital	Annual Operating and Maintenance
AWP Facility	\$144,700,000	\$8,145,000
Pipeline & Pump station	\$224,500,000	\$3,385,000
Increased North City Tertiary Treatment	\$0	\$3,965,000
Total	\$369,200,000	\$15,495,000

Result - \$2,000 per acre-foot to produce and convey
 15 mgd of purified water to San Vicente Reservoir



AVOIDED WASTEWATER COSTS

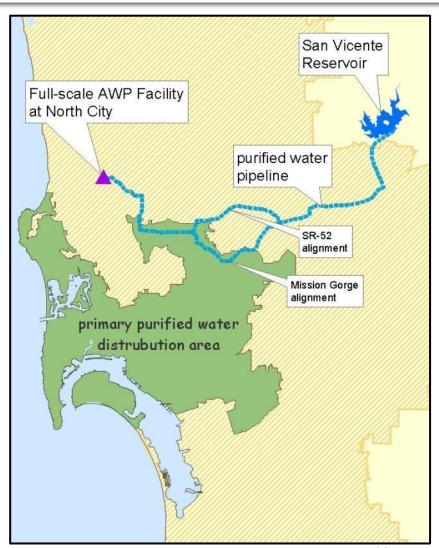
	Capital	Annual Operating and Maintenance
Point Loma Wet Weather Storage Facility	\$123,000,000	\$6,150,000
Reduced Treatment at Point Loma	\$0	\$2,210,000
Reduced Pumping at Pump Station No. 2	\$0	\$450,000
Total	\$123,000,000	\$8,810,000
Total (per-acre-foot basis)	\$1	,000

Net cost: \$1,000 per acre-foot to produce and convey
 15 mgd of purified water to San Vicente Reservoir



PIPELINE ALIGNMENT STUDY

- 22 mile, 36-inch pipeline to convey water from the AWP Facility to San Vicente Reservoir
- Two potential alignments identified:
 - State Route 52 alignment
 - Mission Gorge alignment
- Additional analysis is needed to refine alignment





PUBLIC OUTREACH & EDUCATION PROGRAM





PUBLIC OUTREACH & EDUCATION PROGRAM

Program Statistics through December 31, 2012

- Speakers Bureau presentations/attendees 132/3,500
- Community events/attendees 42/4,500
- Facility tours/visitors





243/3,244



PUBLIC OUTREACH & EDUCATION PROGRAM





ON-GOING USE OF REMAINING FUNDS

- Continuing AWP Facility operations
 - Prop 50 extended testing (2013 2014)
 - Prop 84 potable reuse study (2014 2015)
- AWP Facility tours
- Continuing outreach efforts
 - Tours
 - Speakers Bureau
 - Community events
- Next steps



NEXT STEPS

- Determine appropriate cost-sharing concepts for water-wastewater funding sources
- Determine contracting modes
- Refine pipeline alignment
- Coordinate with Point Loma 2015
 Permit Renewal and next steps associated with the Recycled Water Study
- Monitor development of direct potable reuse regulations





DIRECT POTABLE REUSE CONCEPT

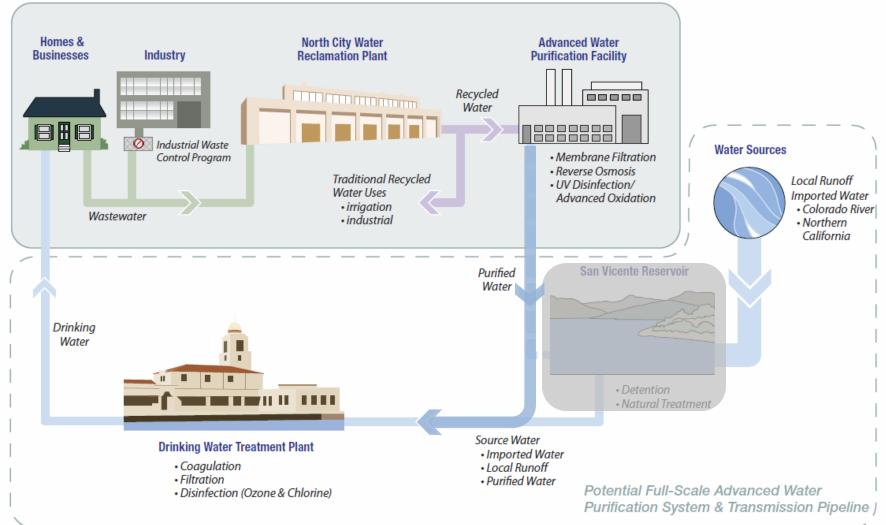


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SENATE BILL 918

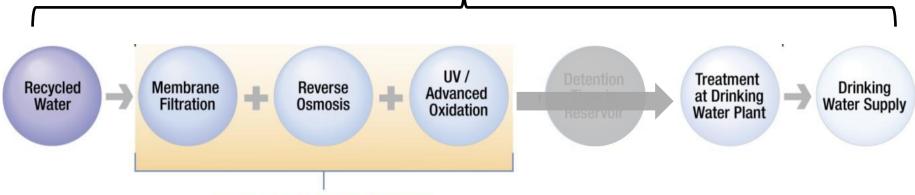
Senate Bill 918 directs CDPH to:

- Adopt regulations for IPR/groundwater replenishment December 31, 2013
- Convene an expert panel to advise CDPH on IPR/reservoir augmentation and feasibility of DPR
- Adopt regulations for IPR/reservoir augmentation December 31, 2016
- Report on feasibility of DPR December 31, 2016



DIRECT POTABLE REUSE CONCEPT

Without the reservoir, additional barriers (treatment or monitoring) will be required to achieve the same level of public heath protection. What are those additional barriers?

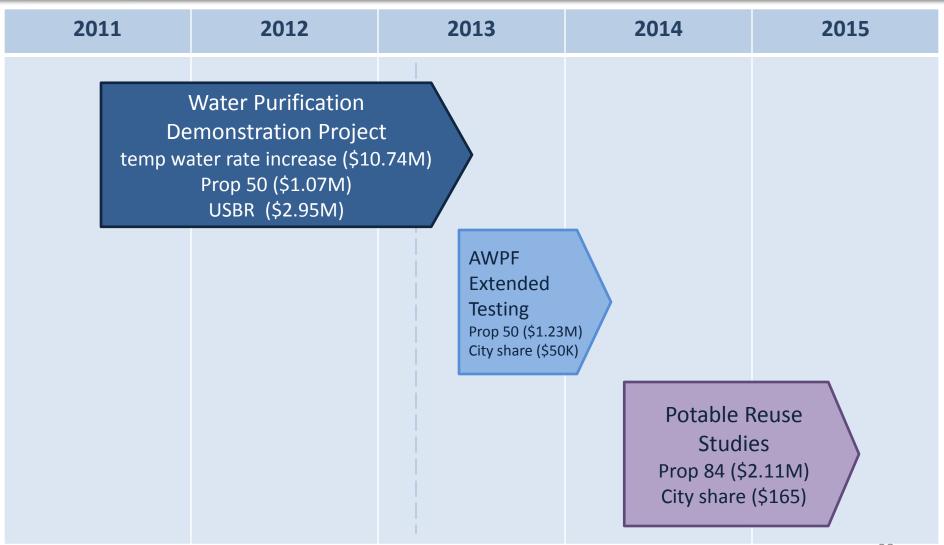


Water Purification Process

multiple treatment barriers are the key to protecting public heath



CONTINUED OPERATION OF DEMONSTRATION AWP FACILITY





Water Demonstration Purification Project

PureWaterSD.org

Cathleen Pieroni | cpieroni@sandiego.gov | 619.533.6612



Water Purification Demonstration Project



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